Year 1 Down the Road (Weather)

Intent: The children will use real life experiences to look at seasonal changes in weather and how this affects everyday lives to include habitats, settlements and humans. Hook: Photo of the fallen tree from the story. Percy Park

P4C ('Botheredness')

Adversity, Consequences, Power

Who?	What did they do?
Andy Goldsworthy	Andy Goldsworthy OBE (born 26 July 1956) is a British sculptor, photographer and environ- mentalist who produces site-specific sculptures and land art situated in natural and urban set- tings. He lives and works in Scotland.
George Cowling	George Cowling presented the <i>first</i> in-vision forecast on 11 January 1954.
Michael Fish	<i>Michael Fish</i> , MBE (born 27 April 1944 in East- bourne, Sussex) is a British weather forecaster. From 1974 to 2004 he was a television pre- senter for BBC Weather.
Claude Monet	A French painter who often painted scenes of nature

Notable people

Key Vocabulary

Weather forecast, report, symbols, chart, rain gauges, weather vane, Temperature, thermometer, waterproof, compass point, Buildings, natural, man made, river, lake, Summer, Autumn, Winter, Spring, daylight, thunderstorm

Key Dates

Time	Fact
1954	George Cowling presented the <i>first</i> in-vision forecast on 11 January 1954.
1987	The <i>Great Storm</i> of 1987 was a violent extratropical cyclone that oc- curred on the night of 15–16 October, with hurricane-force winds causing casualties in England, France and the Channel Islands
	Fox Howl building was built

Trips, Visitors and Visits

Residential trip to Delamere.

Visit at school from Zoo Keeper of Chester Zoo.

Visit from Reverand Howard to read and learn about Bible stories.

Authentic Product	Subjects Covered		Knowledge of
(Digital) poster show- ing a weather report using maps and sym- bols	Geography—Knowledge of the UK	•	Weather is different in different parts of the UK e.g. Scotland and England
	Art—Painting Computing	•	Weather can be different at the same time of the day within dif- ferent areas
	Science—Seasonal Changes	•	Symbols that can represent weather e.g. sun
		•	Thermometers are used to measure temperature
		•	Rain gauges are used to measure the amount of rainfall
		•	The seasons are called Autumn, Winter, Spring and Summer
		•	In Summer, the weather is warmest and sunniest. Thunder- storms are more likely in Summer.
		•	In Autumn, the temperature gets progressively colder and is very changeable.
		•	In Winter, temperatures are coldest—the weather is wet, windy and cloudy and it usually gets colder towards the end of the sea- son.
		•	In Spring, the temperature can be cold. It can also snow early in the season but the temperature gets warmer by the end.
		•	Different types of weather and how people adapt to cope with weather e.g. sunglasses and umbrellas.
		•	Trees change throughout seasons with new leaves growing in the Spring and in the Autumn, leaves change colour and fall to the ground.
		•	Adding images to frames and editing text to create a poster
		•	The primary colours (red, yellow, blue), secondary colours (purple, green and orange) and the tones (black, white and grey)
		•	How to make dark and light colours using black and white
3D ephemeral sculp- ture from natural ob-	Science—Materials Art—3D sculptures	•	Andy Goldsworthy is an artist who uses natural materials in the environment to create 3D sculptures
jects	DT—Make	•	Sculptures are different from paintings because they are not flat.
		•	Suitable materials that can be used for sculpture e.g. sand, shaving foam, natural objects, Paper Mache, junk
		•	How to fasten and glue objects to make a sculpture
		•	The groups that materials can be separated into groups based on their properties e.g. hard, soft, stretchy, stiff, waterproof
Make a waterproof	Science—Materials	•	Waterproof means that it does not let water pass through it.
outfit/shelter	DT—Design, Make, Evaluate	•	Properties of different materials and that some materials are waterproof e.g. canvas
Labelled sketches of	Geography—Understanding simi-	•	Little Sutton is the same as Delamere because they are both
Delamere and the local area to show	larities and differences		villages
comparison	Art—Drawing	•	Little Sutton is different to Delamere because there are lots of houses and shops in Little Sutton and there is lots of forest area in Delamere.
		•	The marks they make can be lines, dots and can be different sizes and colours.

MINI TOPIC	Subjects Covered	Knowledge of:
What do we think about how the World was made and how should we look after it?	RE	 What the Bible says about how the world was created. Learn about the story of St Francis
What is respect?	RE	 Respect being to give particular attention to someone else's feelings or wishes. How important it is to look after animals and to respect their natural habitat

See long term plans for French, PE, Literacy, Maths and SRE.